

SysMasterDB 8 Introduction

Contents

01 / Introduction

02 / Key Features

03 / Use-case

04 / Why SysMasterDB

Chapter 1

Introduction

Optimized Monitoring Solution for Tiberio Performance Management

Provides real-time database monitoring, operational data collection, diagnostics, analysis, and performance management features to ensure stable system operations



- ✓ A monitoring tool that efficiently manages both system availability and performance
- ✓ With a proactive monitoring approach, it detects potential issues in advance and clearly identifies application bottlenecks
 - ✓ It also offers a wide range of performance data and analytical reports

Provides accurate and detailed monitoring and analysis metrics from an operator's perspective

01

Convenient
Web-based solution

Accessible
anytime, anywhere



02

User-customized
Integrated dashboard

Customizable by selecting desired
instances and metrics



03

Real-time trend analysis
at second-level intervals

Enables proactive issue prediction
and prevention
at 1-second, 0.001-second intervals



04

Alert configuration
for critical issues

Allows users to set custom
performance metrics and threshold
values for alerts



05

Easy and Smart
user management

Role-based access control for user- and
department-specific authorization



06

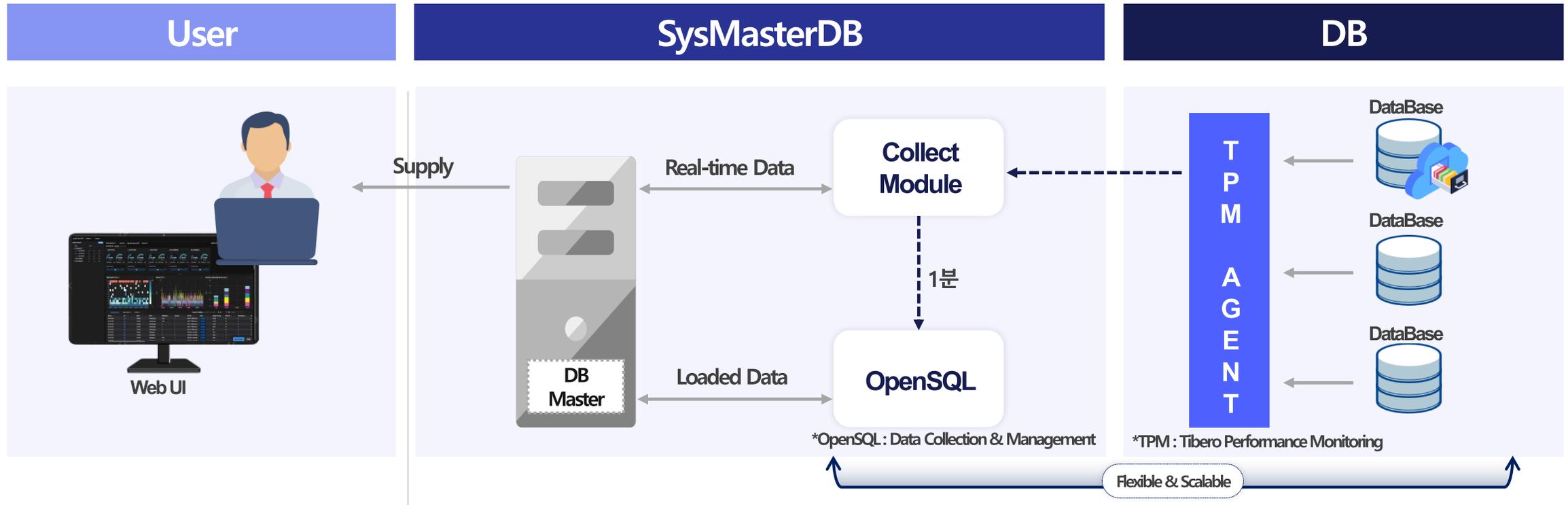
Provides integrated
performance reports

Offers long-term, mid-term, and
short-term performance analysis
reports



Optimized Large-Scale System Monitoring Architecture for Data Performance Management

Scalable Architecture Design That Expands "Collect Module + OpenSQL" with the Growth of Control Databases



✓ Web UI

DB Management/Control and Monitoring via Web GUI

✓ DB Master

Generates UI Information from Real-Time Collected/Loaded Data

✓ Collect Module

Stores Information Received from TPM and Directly Collected Data in OpenSQL

✓ TPM Agent

Real-Time Precision Analysis via Second-Level Data Collection

Expanding Deployment as a Tiberio-Based DBMS Monitoring System



Key References

Large-Scale Case with a Total of 500 Cores
Proven Performance and Reliability as a Database Monitoring System

High-Volume Transaction Monitoring
Proven Performance in Reliably Monitoring High-Volume Transactions in Entry/Exit Systems During Peak Times



Supports HA Monitoring & DB Performance Metrics Collection

Features		SysMasterDB 8	MaxGauge 5	Sherpa Soft 4
Dashboard	Dashboard and Custom Screens	○	○	○
Real-Time Monitoring	Instance Monitoring	○	○	○
	Transaction Monitoring	○	○	○
	SQL Monitoring	○	○	○
	Session Monitoring	○	○	○
	LOCK Monitoring	○	○	○
	Usage Monitoring	○	△	○
	HA Monitoring	TAC, TSC Monitoring Supported	TSC Unsupported	TSC Unsupported
Analysis	Multi-SQL Analysis and Reporting	○	○	○
	Top N Performance	○	○	○
	Extracting Overload-Causing SQL	○	○	○
	Report Provision	○	○	○
Management	Account and Permission Management	○	○	○
	Alert Setting	○	○	○

Chapter 2

Key Features

Provides Real-Time Detailed DB Performance Monitoring and Analysis via an Intuitive Dashboard



Dashboard

- Provides integrated monitoring for multiple managed DB instances
- Card-based visualization for at-a-glance overview
- **Customizable to meet user-specific requirements**



Realtime

- Real-time viewing of managed DB status and performance metrics
- Customizable layout: choose performance metrics, collection intervals, and chart types



Analysis

- Provides historical analysis of managed DB status and performance over a given period
- **Identifies and analyzes points of occurrence when performance or failure issues arise**



Setting

- **Admin and user account management**
- **Alert configuration management**
- Screen theme settings (Dark/Light)

Dashboard

Realtime

Analysis

Settings

Monitor the status of all managed DBs at a glance



1 Instance Overview

- View all monitored instances in a single, consolidated list
- Check DB Down, Alert, and Error statuses along with history

2 Card View

- View key instance metrics in a card-based layout
- Customize card type (compact/detailed/expanded) and display order

3 Custom Chart

- Monitor overall system performance with selectable performance metrics
- Clicking a card allows instance monitoring of the corresponding instance's status

4 Session/Lock Chart

- View all active sessions and lock statuses

Dashboard

Realtime

Analysis

Settings

Real-time monitoring of instances, sessions, OS, and high availability (HA)

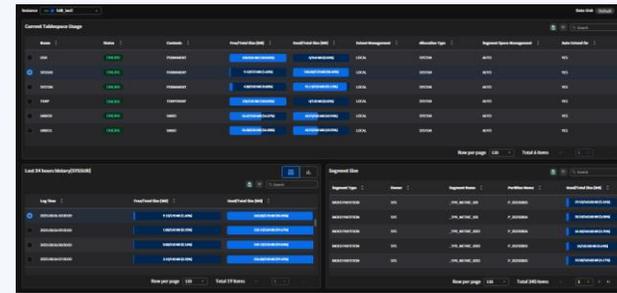
1 Main Monitoring



- ✓ Instance Monitoring
 - Metrics/Graphs Customizing
- ✓ Session Monitoring
- ✓ Server Monitoring

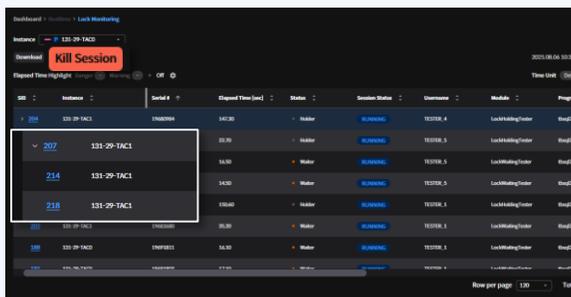
Monitor OS, process resource usage

2 Usage Monitoring



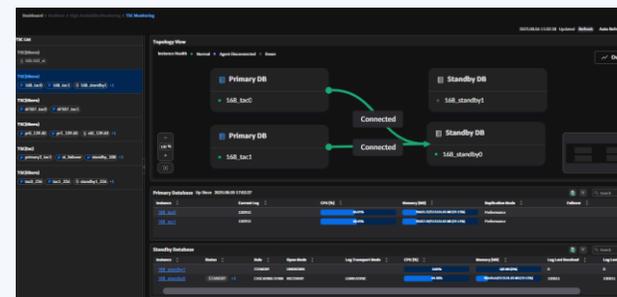
- ✓ Tablespace Usage
- ✓ File Usage
- ✓ Temp Usage
- ✓ Undo Usage

3 Lock Monitoring



- ✓ Lock Monitoring
 - Provides lock tree visualization
 - View session and SQL details
 - Supports session termination

4 High Availability Monitoring



- ✓ TSC* Monitoring
 - Supports topology view
 - View inter-node connections, individual node status, and key metrics

*TSC: Tibero Standby Cluster, 독립디스크 기반의 이중화 구성

Dashboard

Realtime

Analysis

Settings

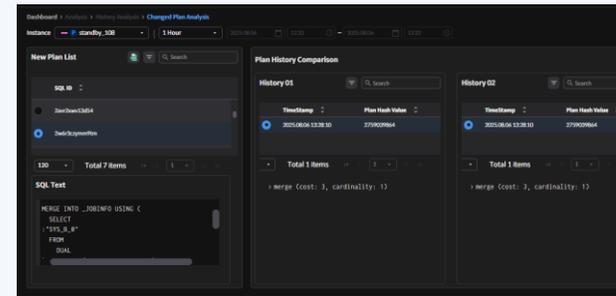
Provides historical performance, usage metrics, and reports

1 Performance Analysis



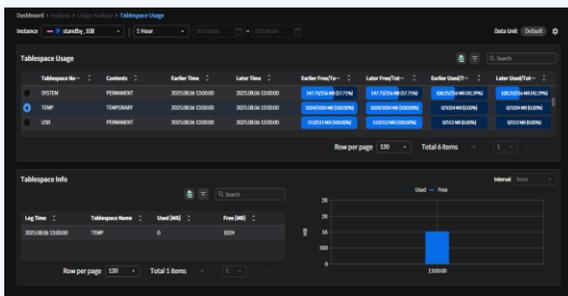
- ✓ **Performance Trend**
 - Visualize CPU, memory, session, and wait status
- ✓ **Top N Performance**
- ✓ **Heatmap Trend**

2 History Analysis



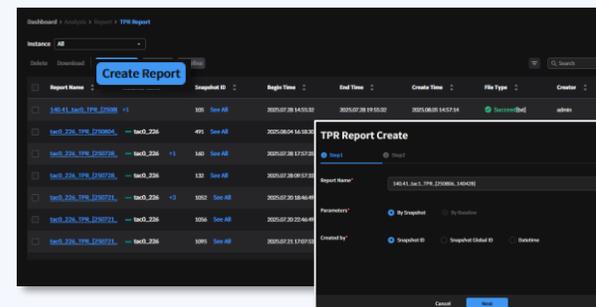
- ✓ **Changed Plan Analysis**
 - Provides comparative analysis charts of SQL plan changes
- ✓ **All Session Flow**
- ✓ **Search SQL Text**
- ✓ **Alert Event Analysis**
- ✓ **Invalid Object**

3 Usage Analysis



- ✓ **Tablespace Usage**
- ✓ **Filesystem Usage**
- ✓ **Segment Usage**
- ✓ **Temp Usage**
- ✓ **Undo Usage**

4 Report



- ✓ **TPR* Report**
 - Export performance analysis reports in HTML or TXT format
- ✓ **ASH** Report**
 - Export per-second active session status in HTML or TXT

*TPR: Tibero Performance Repository / **ASH: Active Session History

Dashboard

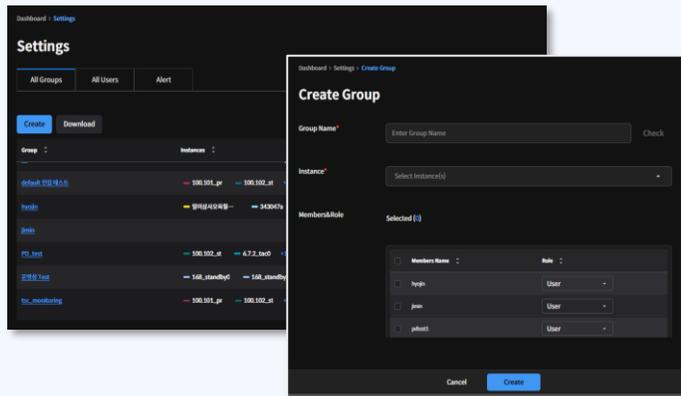
Realtime

Analysis

Settings

Centralized management of groups, users, alerts, and other essential SysMasterDB information

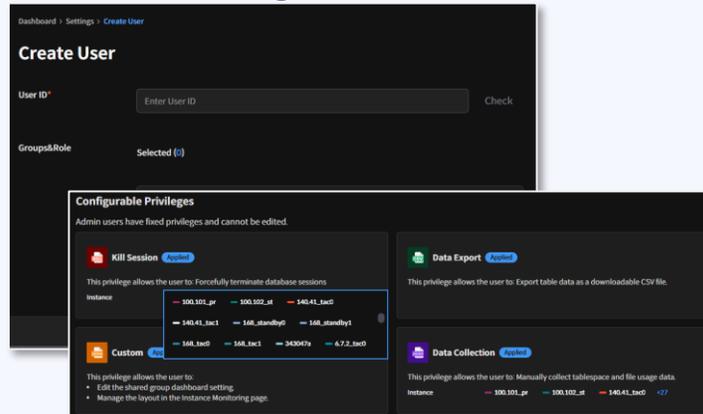
1 Group Management



✓ Create user group

- 1) Select accessible instances for each group
 - 2) Select users to assign to a group
 - 3) Assign permissions per user for convenient group management
- ※ **Group management accessible only by Super Admin (not Admin or User)**

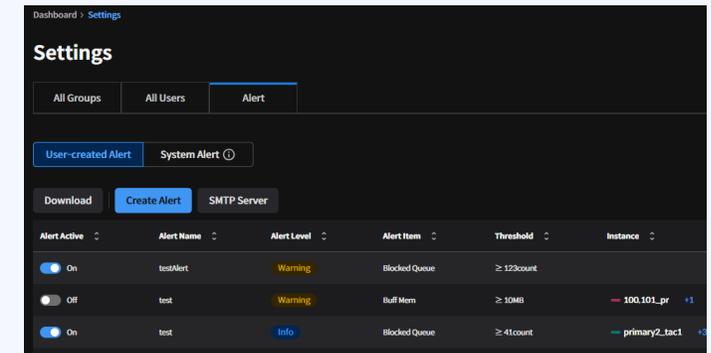
2 User Management



✓ Manage users and roles

- Super Admin can create, modify, and delete any user, and assign privileges per user (*Kill session / Custom / Data Export / Data Collection)
- Admin can create, modify, and change privileges only for users within the same group

3 Alert Management



✓ Create and manage alerts

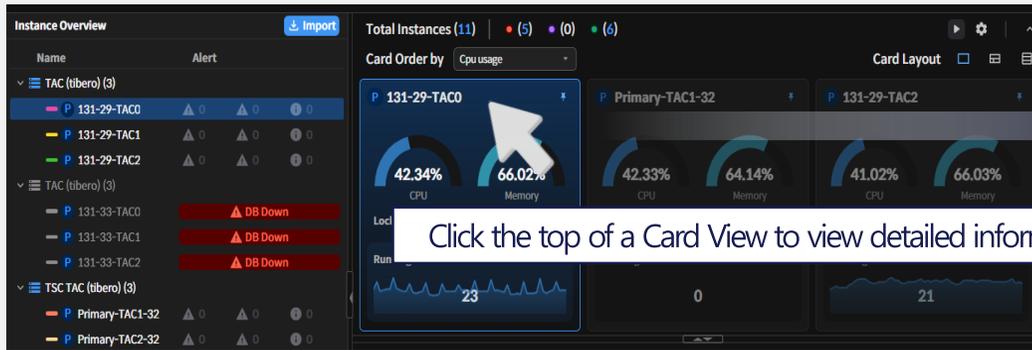
- Users can create, modify, copy, delete, and toggle alerts for themselves or within their group
- #### ✓ **Modify system alerts and toggle On/Off**
- System alerts (DB Down) automatically generated by SysMasterDB

Chapter 3

Use-case

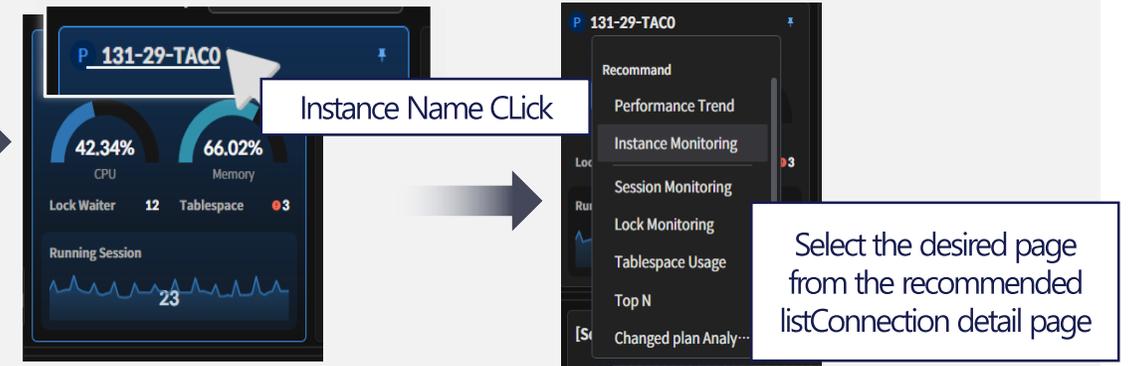
✓ CPU overload Management

1 Identify high-CPU instances in Card View



Click the top of a Card View to view detailed information

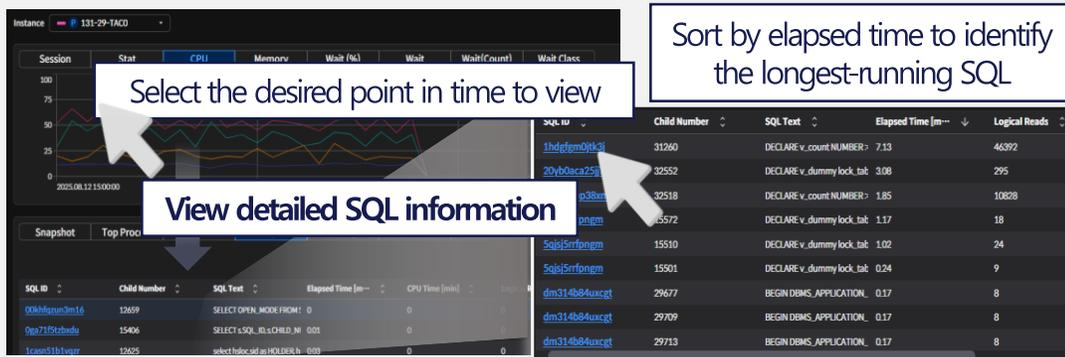
2 Navigate to the detailed analysis page of the selected instance



Instance Name Click

Select the desired page from the recommended listConnection detail page

3 Performance Trend – Locate active sessions and queries



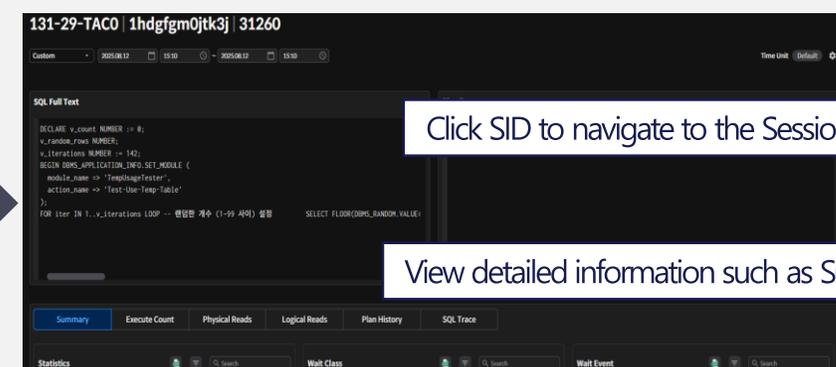
Select the desired point in time to view

Sort by elapsed time to identify the longest-running SQL

View detailed SQL information

※ View of Process, Session, SQL, Lock, and Wait information

4 View detailed SQL queries



Click SID to navigate to the Session and SQL details page

View detailed information such as SQL full text and plan tree

✓ Identify and manage locked sessions

1 Check on the Lock Monitoring page

Click the SID to navigate to the Session and SQL details page

Instance	Serial #	Elapsed Time [sec]	Status	Session Status	Username
131-29-TACO	5657815	565.60	Holder	RUNNING	TESTER_5
131-29-TACO	5659739	446.50	Holder	RUNNING	TESTER_1
131-29-TAC2	5710769	186.40	Holder	RUNNING	TESTER_2
131-29-TAC1	5655276	167.90	Waiter	RUNNING	TESTER_2
131-29-TAC1	5657786	8.60	Waiter	RUNNING	TESTER_2
131-29-TAC1	5657707	12.90	Waiter	RUNNING	TESTER_2
131-29-TACO	5665487	89.10	Waiter	RUNNING	TESTER_2
131-29-TACO	5666690	11	Waiter	RUNNING	TESTER_2
131-29-TACO	5666693	11	Waiter	RUNNING	TESTER_2
131-29-TACO	5666694	11	Waiter	RUNNING	TESTER_2

View lock status in a Lock Tree format

2 Identify blocking objects and SQL text to take action

Kill Session Kill Session support

Session

SID	161	State	RUNNING	Machine	
Serial #	5711335	PGA Mem [MB]	0.70	Terminal	
Aud SID	5711335	Client Identifier		Action	
Status	RUNNING	Schema Name	TESTER_5	PID	
Username	TESTER_5	IP Addr	127.0.0.1	Thr.ID	
OS User	root	Command	6	Logon Time	
Client Info		Client PID	14815	Elapsed Time [sec]	
Module	LockHoldingTester	Type	WTHR	Program	

SQL Full Text

```
DECLARE v_dummy lock_table % ROWTYPE;
BEGIN DBMS_APPLICATION_INFO.SET_MODULE (
  module_name => 'LockHoldingTester',
  action_name => 'Test-Lock-Holding';
```

Plan Tree

```
psm (cost: 0, cardinality: 0)
```

View blocking objects and SQL text on the SQL Details page

Chapter 4

Why SysMasterDB

Enable stable and efficient system operation by maximizing operational and DBA efficiency

01

Convenience

- ✓ **Dashboard Customizing**
- ✓ **One-click access to detailed metrics from the dashboard**
- ✓ **Proactive DB response and efficient management through alert functionality**

02

Stability

- ✓ **Proprietary solution**
- ✓ **Proactive DB response and efficient management through alert functionality**
- ✓ **HA(TAC, TSC) Monitoring Support**
- ✓ **Provide uninterrupted service during system failures**

03

Cost-effectiveness

- ✓ **Reduce implementation and maintenance costs compared to competitors**
- ✓ **Reduce time and cost for analyzing DB resources**



Thank You

TMAXTibero

Supported Platforms and Operating Systems

Category	Product and Version
OS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Linux:<ul style="list-style-type: none">- CentOS 7 (64-bit)- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7, 8.1~8.5, 8.10 (64-bit)- Oracle Linux Server release 9.4• Windows:<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Windows 10 (64-bit)- Windows Server 2022 (64-bit)• Operating systems that support installation of the platforms and software requirements below
Monitoring Database	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Tiberio 6 FixSet07 or higher• Tiberio 7
Monitoring Database OS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Linux:<ul style="list-style-type: none">- CentOS 7 (64-bit)- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7, 8.1~8.6 (64-bit)- Oracle Linux 8.6 (64-bit)- Rocky Linux 8.6 (64-bit)- ProLinux 7.5 (64-bit)- AIX 7.2 (64-bit)• [Reference]<ul style="list-style-type: none">- C++11-compliant compiler- gcc (GCC) 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44) 이상- GLIBCXX_3.4.19 or higher- GLIBC_2.17 or higher
Repository Database	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• OpenSQL

Hardware and software (choose and install one among Docker Compose, Kubernetes, or Podman-Compose)"

Category		Product and Version	
HW	Platform	Operating systems supporting installation of version 1.2.2 software: Linux 64-bit / Windows 64-bit	
	CPU	8 core	
	RAM	32GB	
	Storage	Minimum 30 GB (additional 50 GB per day required based on the data retention period [RETENTION_DAY])	
	Web Browser	Chrome (Latest version recommended)	
S/W	Essential	Docker	
	Select one	Docker-compose	v20.10 or higher
		Kubernetes	v2.3.4 or higher
		Podman	v1.17 or higher
		Podman-Compose	Supports Linux Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8 or later with Linux Kernel 4.18, version v4.4.1 or higher
		v1.0.6 or higher	

* Specification assumes a total of 600 active sessions (60 sessions per instance × 10 instances)